You are reminded that, under UK law, there are no restrictions on taking photographs in a public place or on photography of individuals, whether they are adults or minors (it is not advised to photograph police and armed forces). There is no right to privacy in a public place, although photographers are of course subject to the usual libel laws in the same way as any other citizen and should observe them. Equipment or film may not be confiscated, or images deleted by any person or officer unless a warrant for such action is issued. Any attempt without a warrant is considered assault under UK law.

photography of individuals, whether they are adults or minors (it is not advised to photograph police and armed forces). There is no right to privacy in a public place, although photographers are of course subject to the usual libel laws in the same way as any other citizen and should observe them. Equipment or film may not be confiscated, or images deleted by any person or officer unless a warrant for such action is issued. Any attempt without a warrant is considered assault under UK law. You are reminded that, under UK law, there are no

You are reminded that, under UK law, there are no restrictions on taking photographs in a public place or on photography of individuals, whether they are adults or minors (it is not advised to photograph police and armed forces). There is no right to privacy in a public place, although photographers are of course subject to the usual libel laws in the same way as any other citizen and should observe them. Equipment or film may not be confiscated, or images deleted by any person or officer unless a warrant for such action is issued. Any attempt without a warrant is considered assault under UK law.

restrictions on taking photographs in a public place or on photography of individuals, whether they are adults or minors (it is not advised to photograph police and armed forces). There is no right to privacy in a public place, although photographers are of course subject to the usual libel laws in the same way as any other citizen and should observe them. Equipment or film may not be confiscated, or images deleted by any person or officer unless a warrant for such action is issued. Any attempt without a warrant is considered assault under UK law.

You are reminded that, under UK law, there are no

restrictions on taking photographs in a public place or on

You are reminded that, under UK law, there are no restrictions on taking photographs in a public place or on photography of individuals, whether they are adults or minors (it is not advised to photograph police and armed forces). There is no right to privacy in a public place, although photographers are of course subject to the usual libel laws in the same way as any other citizen and should observe them. Equipment or film may not be confiscated, or images deleted by any person or officer unless a warrant for such action is issued. Any attempt without a warrant is considered assault under UK law.

You are reminded that, under UK law, there are no restrictions on taking photographs in a public place or on photography of individuals, whether they are adults or minors (it is not advised to photograph police and armed forces). There is no right to privacy in a public place, although photographers are of course subject to the usual libel laws in the same way as any other citizen and should observe them. Equipment or film may not be confiscated, or images deleted by any person or officer unless a warrant for such action is issued. Any attempt without a warrant is considered assault under UK law.

You are reminded that, under UK law, there are no restrictions on taking photographs in a public place or on photography of individuals, whether they are adults or minors (it is not advised to photograph police and armed forces). There is no right to privacy in a public place, although photographers are of course subject to the usual libel laws in the same way as any other citizen and should observe them. Equipment or film may not be confiscated, or images deleted by any person or officer unless a warrant for such action is issued. Any attempt without a warrant is considered assault under UK law.

You are reminded that, under UK law, there are no restrictions on taking photographs in a public place or on photography of individuals, whether they are adults or minors (it is not advised to photograph police and armed forces). There is no right to privacy in a public place, although photographers are of course subject to the usual libel laws in the same way as any other citizen and should observe them. Equipment or film may not be confiscated, or images deleted by any person or officer unless a warrant for such action is issued. Any attempt without a warrant is considered assault under UK law.

You are reminded that, under UK law, there are no restrictions on taking photographs in a public place or on photography of individuals, whether they are adults or minors (it is not advised to photograph police and armed forces). There is no right to privacy in a public place, although photographers are of course subject to the usual libel laws in the same way as any other citizen and should observe them. Equipment or film may not be confiscated, or images deleted by any person or officer unless a warrant for such action is issued. Any attempt without a warrant is considered assault under UK law.

You are reminded that, under UK law, there are no restrictions on taking photographs in a public place or on photography of individuals, whether they are adults or minors (it is not advised to photograph police and armed forces). There is no right to privacy in a public place, although photographers are of course subject to the usual libel laws in the same way as any other citizen and should observe them. Equipment or film may not be confiscated, or images deleted by any person or officer unless a warrant for such action is issued. Any attempt without a warrant is considered assault under UK law.